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Information technology — Coded representation of immersive media —

Part 9:

Geometry-based point cloud compression

Technologies de l'information — Représentation codée de média immersifs —

Partie 9: Compression des nuages de points basée sur la géométrie





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Contents							
Fore	eword		vii				
Intr	Introduction						
1	Scop	e	1				
2	-	Normative references					
3	3.1	Perms and definitions 1.1 General terms					
	3.1	Terms related to high-level syntax and entropy coding					
	3.3	Terms related to tree structure	6				
	3.4	Terms related to geometry coding					
	3.5	Terms related to attribute coding					
4	Abbr	eviated terms	8				
5	Conv	rentions	9				
	5.1	General	9				
	5.2	Symbolic names					
	5.3	Numerical representation					
	5.4	Arithmetic operators					
	5.5	Logical operators					
	5.6	Relational operators					
	5.7 5.8	Bit-wise operators Assignment operators					
	5.9	Range notation					
	5.10	Mathematical functions					
		5.10.1 General					
		5.10.2 IntAtan2	13				
		5.10.3 IntCos and IntSin	13				
		5.10.4 IntSqrt					
		5.10.5 IntRecipSqrt					
		5.10.6 Div					
		5.10.7 Morton					
	5.11	5.10.8 FromMorton					
		Named expressions					
	5.12	5.12.1 General					
		5.12.2 Scope of a named expression					
		5.12.3 Arguments of named expressions	18				
		5.12.4 Sub-expressions	19				
		5.12.5 Definitions with multiple statements					
	E 40	5.12.6 Textual definitions					
	5.13 Variables, syntax elements and tables						
6		t cloud format and relationship to coded and output representations					
	6.1 6.2	General formatAttributes					
	0.2	6.2.1 General					
		6.2.2 Colour					
		6.2.3 Opacity					
		6.2.4 Reflectance					
		6.2.5 Normal vector					
		6.2.6 Material identifier					
		6.2.7 Frame number/index					
		6.2.8 User defined attributes					
	6.3	Codec-derived attributes					
		6.3.1 General					

ISO/IEC 23090-9:2023(E)

		6.3.2	Slice identifier	22
		6.3.3	Slice tag	22
		6.3.4	Canonical point order	
		6.3.5	Point Morton order	23
	6.4	Coded	point cloud format	
		6.4.1	Sequence coordinate system	
		6.4.2	Coding coordinate system	
		6.4.3	Coded point cloud sequence	
		6.4.4	Coded point cloud frame	
		6.4.5	Slice of a coded point cloud frame	
		6.4.6	Repetition of slices	
		6.4.7	Relationship between tiles and slices	
		6.4.8	Parameter sets	
	6.5		t point cloud format	
			General	
		6.5.2	Coordinate system	
		6.5.3	Fixed-point conformance output	
			Attributes	
		6.5.5	Output point cloud sequence	
		6.5.6	Output point cloud frame	
7	Synt		emantics	
	7.1		d of specifying syntax in tabular form	
	7.2		cation of syntax functions and descriptors	
	7.3		in tabular form	
			General	
		7.3.2	Parameter sets, ancillary data and byte alignment	31
			Geometry data unit	
			Attribute data unit	
		7.3.5	Defaulted attribute data unit syntax	
	7.4		tics	
		7.4.1	General	
		7.4.2	Parameter sets, ancillary data and byte alignment	45
		7.4.3	Geometry data unit	
			Attribute data unit	
		7.4.5	Defaulted attribute data unit semantics	59
8			Ocess	
	8.1		al decoding process	
	8.2		decoding processes	
			General	
			Frame counter	
	8.3		ecoding processes	
			General	
		8.3.2	State variables	
		8.3.3	Geometry decoding process	
		8.3.4	Default attribute values	
			At the and of a clien	
		8.3.6	At the end of a slice	
9			ry	
	9.1		1	
	9.2		ancy tree	
			General	
			Coded occupancy tree	
		9.2.3	Occupancy tree syntax element semantics	
		9.2.4	Node dimensions per tree level	
		9.2.5	State representation	
		9.2.6	Occupancy tree node coding	
		9.2.7	Occupied neighbourhood patterns	70

		9.2.8	Neighbourhood-permuted node occupancy bitmap	72
		9.2.9	Dictionary coding of occupancy_byte	
		9.2.10	Bitwise occupancy coding	78
		9.2.11	Planar occupancy coding	84
			Direct nodes	
		9.2.13	Angular coding	95
		9.2.14	Subtree scaling	104
	9.3	Predic	tive tree	109
		9.3.1	General	109
		9.3.2	Syntax element semantics	109
		9.3.3	Tree traversal for reconstruction of point positions	110
		9.3.4	Reconstruction of point coordinates	
10	Slice	attribut	tes	113
	10.1		al	
	10.2		coordinates	
	10.2		General	
			Conversion to scaled angular coordinates	
	10.3		element semantics	
	10.5	10 3 1	Attribute data unit coefficients	114
			Attribute coefficient tuples	
			Raw attribute values	
	10.4		ttribute decoding	
	10.4		ute decoding using the region-adaptive hierarchical transform	
	10.5		General	
			Transform tree	
			Coefficient order	
			Coefficient scaling	
			Transform domain prediction	
			Inverse transform	
			Reconstructed attribute values	
	10.6		ute decoding using levels of detail	
	10.0		General	
			Syntax element semantics	
			Reconstruction process State variables	
			Levels of detail	
			Predictor search	
			Reconstruction of attribute values	
			Prediction mode coding	
			Scaling	
			Coefficient prediction	
			Transform coefficient weights	
	10.7		. Transform	
	10.7		ute quantization parameters	
			Syntax element semantics	
			Per-point regional QP offset	
			Attribute coefficient QP	
			Definition of AttrQstep	
11	Pars		ess	
	11.1		al	
	11.2		nit buffer	
			General	
			State	
			Initialization at the start of parsing a data unit	
			Initialization at the start of parsing a geometry data unit footer	
			Definition of <i>DuNextBit</i>	
	11.3	Chunk	ed bytestream parsing	152

ISO/IEC 23090-9:2023(E)

	11.3.1	General	152
		Chunk syntax	
	11.3.3	Chunk semantics	153
	11.3.4	State	153
	11.3.5	Span of chunked bytestream data within a data unit	153
	11.3.6	The chunk buffer	153
	11.3.7	State update at the start of every CBS	154
	11.3.8	Unpacking a single chunk	154
	11.3.9	Definition of ChunkNextAeBit	154
		Definition of <i>ChunkNextBpBit</i>	
		l Boundary between spliced chunked bytestreams	
		2 Location of chunked bytestream boundaries	
11.4		al inverse binarization processes	
		Parsing unsigned fixed-length codes (FL)	
		Parsing signed fixed-length codes (FL+S)	
		Parsing k-th order exp-Golomb codes (EGk)	
	11.4.4	Parsing concatenated truncated unary and <i>k</i> -th order exp-Golomb codes (TU+EGk)	
	11 / 5	Parsing truncated unary codes (TU)	
		Mapping process for signed codes	
		Parsing ASN.1 object identifiers	
11.5		C parsing processes	
11.5		Initialization	
		Definition of AeReadBin	
		Contextual probability models	
		Arithmetic decoding engine	
11.6	Parsin	ng state memorization and restoration	164
11.0		General	
		Geometry data units	
		Attribute data units	
	11.6.4	Defaulted attribute data units	165
Annex A (no	rmative) Profiles and levels	166
Annex B (no	rmative) Type-length-value encapsulated bytestream format	172
Annex C (in	formativ	re) Arithmetic encoding engine	174
Annex D (no	rmative	Partial decoding and spatial scalability	177
Annex E (in	formativ	re) Index of named expressions and variables	179
Bibliograph	ı y		185

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

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A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 23090 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

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Introduction

Advancements in 3D capturing and rendering technologies are enabling new applications and services in the fields of assisted and autonomous driving, cartography, cultural heritage, industrial processes, immersive real-time communication, and virtual/augmented/mixed reality (VR/AR/MR) content creation, transmission and communication. Point clouds have arisen as one of the main representations for such applications. A point cloud frame consists of a set of 3D points. Every point, in addition to having a 3D position, may also be associated with numerous other attributes such as colour, transparency, reflectance, timestamp, surface normal and classification. Such representations require a large amount of data, which can be costly in terms of storage and transmission. This document provides the method for efficiently compressing point cloud representations.

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Information technology — Coded representation of immersive media —

Part 9:

Geometry-based point cloud compression

1 Scope

This document specifies geometry-based point cloud compression.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Rec. ITU-T X.690 | ISO/IEC 8825-1, Information technology — ASN.1 encoding rules — Part 1: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)

Rec. ITU-T X.660 | ISO/IEC 9834-1, Information technology — Procedures for the operation of object identifier registration authorities: General procedures and top arcs of the international object identifier tree — Part 1:

Rec. ITU-T X.667 | ISO/IEC 9834-8, Information technology — Procedures for the operation of object identifier registration authorities — Part 8: Generation of universally unique identifiers (UUIDs) and their use in object identifiers

ISO/IEC 23091-2, Information technology — Coding-independent code points — Part 2: Video

Rec. ITU-T T.35, Procedure for the allocation of ITU T defined codes for non-standard facilities